# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

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### Officials

Name	Title	Term Expires
John L.Slight	Mayor	Jan. 2024
Steven Ray	Mayor Pro tem	Resigned 12/31/22
David Byrd (From April 2023)	Mayor Pro tem	Jan. 2026
BJ McGinn (To March 2023)	Council Member	Jan. 2024
Cory Henson (From May 2023)	Council Member	Jan. 2024
Terry Moorman	Council Member	Jan. 2024
Kyle Angstrom (From April 2023)	Council Member	Jan. 2024
Kole Hilsabeck	Council Member	Jan. 2026
David Byrd	Council Member	Jan. 2026
Elijah Stines	Council Member	Jan. 2026
Linda Williamson	Council Member	Jan. 2026
William Skare	City Administrator	Indefinite
Ondrea Elmquist	Treasurer/Finance Officer	Indefinite
Jim Robbins	Attorney	Indefinite

### **HOUSTON & SEEMAN, P.C.**

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boone, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boone as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Boone, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Boone's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Boone's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Boone's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Boone's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2022 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2, <u>U.S. Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 3 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – IPERS, the Schedule of City's Contributions – IPERS, the Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – MFPRSI, and the Schedule of City's Contributions - MFPRSI on pages 31 through 41 but does not include the basis financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Boone's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City of Boone's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston & Seeman, P.C.

Houston & Seeman P.C.

January 21, 2024



#### Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

					Program Receipts	
	Disbursements		Charges for Service and Sales		Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest
Functions / Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Public safety	\$	4,622,608	\$	590,241	\$ 50,429	\$ -
Public works		2,419,844		185,606	1,714,636	50,227
Health and social services		70,000		-	-	-
Culture and recreation		1,937,759		344,909	128,866	-
Community and economic development		404,689		23,318	13,924	-
General government		1,283,316		18,581	-	-
Debt service		815,355		-	-	-
Capital projects		2,105,818		22,500	120,477	498,528
Total governmental activities		13,659,389		1,185,155	2,028,332	548,755
Business-type activities:						
Water		2,156,116		3,126,018	-	-
Sewer		2,445,562		3,075,598	-	-
Storm Water		232,400		360,344	-	-
Total business-type activities		4,834,078		6,561,960	-	-
Total	\$	18,493,467	\$	7,747,115	\$ 2,028,332	\$ 548,755

#### **General Receipts and Transfers:**

Property tax levied for:

General purposes

Tax increment financing

Debt service

Special assessments

Local option sales tax

Hotel/motel tax

Franchise taxes

American Rescue Plan Act

Unrestricted interest on investments

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general receipts and transfers

Change in cash basis net position

Cash basis net position beginning of year

Cash basis net position end of year

#### **Cash Basis Net Position**

Restricted

Nonexpendable:

Cemetery perpetual care

Expendable:

Streets

Urban renewal purposes

Debt service

Capital projects

Other purposes

Unrestricted

Total cash basis net position

Net (Dishamora d.) B												
	Net (	Dist	oursements) Re	ceipt	S							
			_									
Go	overnmental	В	usiness-Type									
	Activities		Activities		Total							
\$	(3,981,938)	\$	-	\$	(3,981,938)							
	(469,375)		-		(469,375)							
	(70,000)		-		(70,000)							
	(1,463,984)		-		(1,463,984)							
	(367,447)		-		(367,447)							
	(1,264,735)		-		(1,264,735)							
	(815,355)		-		(815,355)							
	(1,464,313)		-		(1,464,313)							
	(9,897,147)		_		(9,897,147)							
			060.002		060.002							
	-		969,902		969,902							
	-		630,036		630,036							
			127,944		127,944							
	-		1,727,882		1,727,882							
	(9,897,147)		1,727,882		(8,169,265)							
	6,506,807		-		6,506,807							
	811,254		-		811,254							
	228,718		-		228,718							
	9,201		-		9,201							
	1,722,141		-		1,722,141							
	232,754		-		232,754							
	313,858		-		313,858							
	925,846		-		925,846							
	344,368		661,558		1,005,926							
	188,774		-		188,774							
	803,012		(803,012)		-							
	12,086,733		(141,454)		11,945,279							
	2,189,586		1,586,428		3,776,014							
	17,530,815		8,769,909		26,300,724							
\$	19,720,401	\$	10,356,337	\$	30,076,738							
Ψ	17,720,401	Ψ	10,550,557	Ψ	30,070,730							
\$	486,176	\$	-	\$	486,176							
	1.60=11:				1.60=11:							
	1,697,144		-		1,697,144							
	708,747		1.051.505		708,747							
	436,309		1,854,686		2,290,995							
	3,948,431		-		3,948,431							
	8,164,593		406,653		8,571,246							
	4,279,001		8,094,998		12,373,999							
\$	19,720,401	\$	10,356,337	\$	30,076,738							

#### Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

#### As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

	·	Special Revenue									
	General	Road Use Tax	Group Insurance	Employee Benefit	Local Option Sales Tax	Tax Increment Financing					
Receipts: Property tax	\$ 3,797,285	\$ -	\$ 1,212,927	\$ 1,467,324	\$ -	\$ -					
Tax increment financing collections Other city tax Licenses and permits	624,786 178,367	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,722,141	791,880 - -					
Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services	565,205 403,382 380,586	1,714,636	12,936 32,826 63	15,790	-	889					
Special assessments Miscellaneous	186,689	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -					
Total receipts	6,136,300	1,714,636	1,258,752	1,483,114	1,722,141	792,769					
Disbursements: Operating:											
Public safety Public works Health and social services	3,029,988 259,379	1,535,893	616,259 341,508	673,654 172,887	145,947 32,942 70,000	- - -					
Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government	1,079,569 249,568 762,889	33,533	194,999 - 236,162	133,321 36,515 51,572	389,210 - 232,693	- 118,606 -					
Debt service Capital projects		-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>					
Total disbursements	5,381,393	1,569,426	1,388,928	1,067,949	870,792	118,606					
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	754,907	145,210	(130,176)	415,165	851,349	674,163					
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	348,930 (562,222)	225,000 (417,128)	-	271,600	(817,065)	(697,333)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(213,292)	(192,128)	-	271,600	(817,065)	(697,333)					
Change in cash balances	541,615	(46,918)	(130,176)	686,765	34,284	(23,170)					
Cash balances beginning of year	5,045,682	1,744,062	3,569,761	1,483,212	2,115,637	731,917					
Cash balances end of year	\$ 5,587,297	\$ 1,697,144	\$ 3,439,585	\$ 2,169,977	\$ 2,149,921	\$ 708,747					
Cash Basis Fund Balances											
Nonspendable - Cemetary perpetual care Restricted for:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Urban renewal purposes Debt service	-	- 1 (07 144	-	-	-	708,747					
Streets Capital projects Other purposes	-	1,697,144 - -	3,439,585	2,169,977	2,149,921	- - -					
Unassigned  Total cash basis fund balances	5,587,297 \$ 5,587,297	\$ 1,697,144	\$ 3,439,585	\$ 2,169,977	\$ 2,149,921	\$ 708,747					
- other chart chart rather children	\$ 5,501, <u>2</u> 51	+ 1,00//,111	+ 0,.07,000	÷ =,= 02,271	,,,,,,,	- ,00,,111					

See notes to financial statements.

			Debt S	Service		Permanent	Other	
			General	Special		Cemetery	Nonmajor	
	Mary		Obligation	Assessment	Capital	Perpetual	Governmental	
	Garvey	Вс	onds/Notes	Bonds	Projects	Care	Funds	Total
\$	_	\$	228,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,271	\$ 6,735,525
Ф	_	Φ	226,716	ъ - -	φ - -	φ - -	19,374	811,254
	_		_	_	_	_	17,574	2,346,927
	_		_	_	_	_	_	178,367
	_		_	_	_	_	5,285	583,426
	_		4,107	_	1,462,976	_	-	3,634,606
	_		-	_	-	_	-	380,649
	-		-	9,201	-	_	-	9,201
	-		-	-	73,735	6,220	99,364	366,008
	-		232,825	9,201	1,536,711	6,220	153,294	15,045,963
	_		_	-	_	_	156,760	4,622,608
	_		_	_	_	_	77,235	2,419,844
	_		_	_	_	_	-	70,000
	1,436		_	_	32,426	_	73,265	1,937,759
	· -		-	-	· -	-	-	404,689
	-		-	-	-	-	-	1,283,316
	-		815,355	-	-	_	-	815,355
	-		-	-	2,105,818	-	-	2,105,818
	1,436		815,355	-	2,138,244	-	307,260	13,659,389
	(1,436)		(592 520)	9,201	(601 522)	6,220	(152,066)	1 206 574
	(1,430)		(582,530)	9,201	(601,533)	0,220	(153,966)	1,386,574
	_		584,368	_	2,019,604	_	20,833	3,470,335
	_		-	_	(167,175)	_	(6,400)	(2,667,323)
	_		584,368		1,852,429		14,433	803,012
	(1,436)		1,838	9,201	1,250,896	6,220	(139,533)	2,189,586
			1,030	7,201	1,230,070	0,220	(137,333)	
	1,436		434,471	(1,337,497)	2,697,535	479,956	564,643	17,530,815
\$	-	\$	436,309	\$ (1,328,296)	\$ 3,948,431	\$ 486,176	\$ 425,110	\$ 19,720,401
\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 486,176	\$ -	\$ 486,176
•		٠				-, -, -,		
	-		426.200	-	-	-	-	708,747
	-		436,309	-	-	-	-	436,309
	-		-	-	2 049 421	-	-	1,697,144
	-		-	-	3,948,431	-	405,110	3,948,431 8,164,593
	-		-	- (1,328,296) -		-	20,000	4,279,001
\$		¢	436,309		\$ 3,948,431	\$ 486,176	\$ 425,110	
Ф		\$	430,309	\$ (1,328,296)	φ 3,740,431	φ <del>4</del> 00,1/0	φ <del>4</del> 23,110	\$ 19,720,401

### Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds

### As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

	Е	ds		
			Non-Major	•
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water	Total
Operating receipts:				
Use of money and property	\$ 332,861	\$ 328,697	\$ -	\$ 661,558
Charges for services	3,126,018	3,075,598	360,344	6,561,960
Total operating receipts	3,458,879	3,404,295	360,344	7,223,518
Operating disbursements:				
Business-type activities	2,147,916	1,646,762	232,400	4,027,078
Total operating disbursements	2,147,916	1,646,762	232,400	4,027,078
Excess of operating receipts over				
operating disbursements	1,310,963	1,757,533	127,944	3,196,440
Non-operating (disbursements):				
Debt service	(8,200)	(798,800)	-	(807,000)
Excess of receipts over disbursements	1,302,763	958,733	127,944	2,389,440
Transfers in	-	560,000	-	560,000
Transfers out	(548,579)	(811,096)	(3,337)	(1,363,012)
Change in cash balances	754,184	707,637	124,607	1,586,428
Cash balances beginning of year	4,310,322	3,875,433	584,154	8,769,909
Cash balances end of year	\$5,064,506	\$4,583,070	\$ 708,761	\$10,356,337
Cash Basis Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Debt service	\$ 967,868	\$ 886,818	\$ -	\$ 1,854,686
Customer deposits	406,653	-	-	406,653
Unrestricted	3,689,985	3,696,252	708,761	8,094,998
Total cash basis fund balances	\$5,064,506	\$4,583,070	\$ 708,761	\$10,356,337

**Exhibit D** 

# Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Fiduciary Funds

### As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

	Miles of Lights			Swim Team	Fi	ireworks	Downtown Beautification	
Receipts: Miscellaneous	\$	180	\$	150	\$	585	\$	50
Total receipts		180		150		585		50
Disbursements:  Community and economic development		-		-		2,356		<del>-</del>
Total disbursements		-		-		2,356		
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements		180		150		(1,771)		50
Cash balances beginning of year		1,841		397		2,057		1,824
Cash balances end of year	\$	2,021	\$	547	\$	286	\$	1,874
Cash Basis Fund Balances Restricted for:								
Private purpose trust funds	\$	2,021	\$	547	\$	286	\$	1,874
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	2,021	\$	547	\$	286	\$	1,874

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Boone is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Boone County. It was first incorporated in 1871 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. The City also provides water and sewer utilities for its citizens.

#### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Boone has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

The following component units are entities which are legally separate from the City, but are so intertwined with the City that they are, in substance part of the City. However, the financial transactions of these component units have not been displayed because they are not material.

The Friends of the Ericson Public Library has been incorporated under Chapter 504A of the Code of Iowa to receive donations for the benefit of the Ericson Public Library. Each year from book sales the Friends of the Ericson Public Library purchase equipment for the benefit of the Ericson Public Library.

The Boone City Parks Foundation has been incorporated under Chapter 504A of the Code of Iowa to serve as a catalyst for community betterment and continue the tradition of fine Boone parks by supplementing the City's limited funding.

#### Jointly Governed Organizations

The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Boone County Assessor's Conference Board, Boone County Solid Waste Management Commission, Central Iowa Regional Transportation Planning Alliance, and Boone County E911 Board.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's nonfiduciary net position. Net position is reported in the following categories/components:

Nonexpendable restricted net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require the cash balance to be maintained permanently by the City, including the City's Permanent Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund.

Expendable restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions, and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

#### Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Group Insurance Fund is used to account for employee health benefits.

The Employee Benefit Fund is used to account for employee benefits.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the 1% local option sales and the related designation of payments for property tax relief, human services, and capital projects authorized by the local option sales tax resolution.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for tax increment financing collections and the repayment for tax increment financing indebtedness.

The Mary Garvey Fund is used to account for a donation from a former citizen for various public purposes.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt, with the exception of those financed through Enterprise Funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Permanent Fund is utilized to account for the cemetery perpetual care funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The City also reports the following proprietary fund:

The Storm Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's storm water system

The City also reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for fiduciary assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Boone maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

#### D. Property Taxes and Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Property tax revenues recognized in the governmental funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a 1 1/2% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2021 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and reflects tax asking contained in budget certified to the City Council in March 2022.

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state of federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts the City Council intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2023, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2023, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments:

	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	<u>Value</u>
U.S. Government and Agencies Securities	\$ 1,228,678	\$ 1,148,643
Money Market Accounts	22,077	22,077
Certificates of Deposit	2,364,073	2,364,073
	\$ <u>3,614,828</u>	\$ <u>3,534,793</u>
	17	

#### Note 2 – Cash and Pooled Investments (continued)

The City uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value of the U.S. Government and Agencies Securities and Certificates of Deposit were determined using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs)

In addition, the City had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$80,636. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals for the IPAIT investments. The City's investment in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust is unrated.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

#### Note 3 – Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable

A summary of changes in bonds and notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance Issued		ıed	Redeemed	Balance	Due	
	Beginning	Dui	ring	During	End	Within	
_	of Year	Υe	ear	Year	of Year	One Year	
General obligation bonds:							
Essential corporate purpose	\$ 105,000	\$	-	\$ 105,000	\$ -	\$ -	
Essential corporate purpose	1,055,000		-	345,000	710,000	350,000	
Total	\$1,160,000	\$	-	\$ 450,000	\$ 710,000	\$ 350,000	
C1 -1-1:4:							
General obligation notes:							
Capital loan note	\$2,435,000	\$	-	\$ 285,000	\$2,150,000	\$ 295,000	
Revenue notes:							
Sewer revenue cap loan notes	\$5,165,000	\$	_	\$ 695,000	\$4,470,000	\$ 710,000	
Water revenue cap loan notes	60,000		-	7,000	53,000	7,000	
Total	\$5,225,000	\$	-	\$ 702,000	\$4,523,000	\$ 717,000	
Lease agreements	\$ 8,627	\$	-	\$ 3,106	\$ 5,521	\$ 3,169	

#### General Obligation Bonds and Notes

A summary of the City's June 30, 2023, general obligation bonds and notes payable is as follows:

Note 3 – Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable (continued)

			General Obl	ligation Bond	ls		General Obligation Notes					
	Es	sent	ial Corp Pu	rpose				Capital Loan Note				
Year	Issu	ied S	September 1	, 2015			]	Issued June 1, 20	020			
Ending	Interest						Interest					
June 30,	Rates		Principal	Interest		Total	Rates	Principal	Interest		Total	
2024	2.70%	\$	350,000	\$ 19,530	\$	369,530	2.00%	\$ 295,000	\$ 43,000	\$	338,000	
2025	2.80%		360,000	10,080		370,080	2.00%	300,000	37,100		337,100	
2026			-	-		-	2.00%	285,000	31,100		316,100	
2027			-	-		-	2.00%	305,000	25,400		330,400	
2028			-	-		-	2.00%	310,000	19,300		329,300	
2029			-	-		-	2.00%	325,000	13,100		338,100	
2030			-	-		-	2.00%	330,000	6,600		336,600	
Total	_	\$	710,000	\$ 29,610	\$	739,610	_	\$ 2,150,000	\$175,600	\$ 2	2,325,600	

On May 1, 2013, the City issued \$2,090,000 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate ranging from 0.30% to 1.55% per annum. The bonds were issued for new equipment, street improvements, water tower painting, lime removal from water system, and cemetery improvements. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$105,000 of principal and \$1,628 of interest on the bonds.

On September 1, 2015, the City issued \$3,165,000 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate ranging from 1.50% to 2.80% per annum. The bonds were issued for equipment leasing, public works building improvements, and street improvements and maintenance. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$345,000 of principal and \$28,328 of interest on the bonds.

On June 1, 2020, the City issued \$2,980,000 of general obligation refunding capital loan notes with an interest rate of 2.00% per annum. The notes were issued currently refund a prior general obligation notes issued in May 2011. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$285,000 of principal and \$48,700 of interest on the notes. The outstanding principal balance on the notes at June 30, 2022 is \$2,150,000.

#### Revenue Notes

		Wat	er				Sewer									
Year	Issu	ed Febru	ary 1,	2010			Issued May 20	21					Total			
Ending	Interest					Interest										
June 30,	Rates	Princ	cipal	Int	erest	Rates	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	1.75%	\$ 7,0	000	\$	928	2.00%	\$ 710,000	\$	89,400		\$ 717,000	\$	90,328	\$	807,328	
2025	1.75%	7,0	000		805	2.00%	725,000		75,200		732,000		76,005		808,005	
2026	1.75%	7,0	000		683	2.00%	735,000		60,700		742,000		61,383		803,383	
2027	1.75%	8,0	000		560	2.00%	750,000		46,000		758,000		46,560		804,560	
2028	1.75%	8,0	000		420	2.00%	765,000		31,000		773,000		31,420		804,420	
2029	1.75%	8,0	000		280	2.00%	785,000		15,700		793,000		15,980		808,980	
2030	1.75%	8,0	000		140				-	_	8,000		140		8,140	
Total	•	\$ 53,0	000	\$ 3	,816	ī	\$4,470,000	\$	318,000		\$4,523,000	\$	321,816	\$ 4	4,844,816	

#### Water Revenue Notes

On February 1, 2010, the City issued \$130,000 of water revenue capital loan notes with an interest rate of 1.75% per annum. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for the costs of improvements to the municipal water utility. The notes are payable solely from water customer net receipts and are payable through June 2030. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$7,000 of principal and \$1,050 of interest on the notes.

#### Note 3 – Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable (continued)

The City has pledged future water customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$130,000 in water revenue capital loan notes issued in February 2010. The notes are payable solely from water customer net receipts and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require less than 1 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$56,816. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$8,050 and \$978,102, respectively.

#### Sewer Revenue Notes

On May 1, 2021, the City issued \$5,840,000 of sewer revenue capital loan notes with an interest rate of 2.00% per annum. Proceeds from the notes provided refunding of outstanding sewer notes. The notes are payable solely from sewer customer net receipts and are payable through June 2029. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$695,000 of principal and \$103,300 of interest on the note.

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$5,840,000 in sewer revenue capital loan notes issued in May 2021. The notes are payable solely from sewer customer net receipts and are payable through 2029. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require less than 56 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$4,788,000. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$798,300 and \$1,428,836, respectively.

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the water revenue capital loan notes and sewer revenue capital loan notes include the following provisions:

- a. The bonds and notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond and note holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- b. Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to separate water and sewer revenue note sinking accounts within the Enterprise Funds for the purpose of making the note principal and interest payments when due.
- c. Additional monthly transfers to separate water and sewer revenue accounts shall be made until specific minimum balances have been accumulated. These accounts are restricted for making the annual principal and interest payments whenever there is insufficient money in the debt service account.
- d. All funds remaining in the sewer rental account after the payment of all maintenance and operating expenses and required transfers shall be placed in a sewer revenue improvement account until a minimum of \$100,000 is accumulated. Additional monthly transfers to a separate water revenue improvement account will be made until a minimum of \$300,000 is accumulated. These accounts are restricted for the purpose of paying for any improvement, extension or repair to the system or for note and interest payments which the other accounts might be unable to make.

#### Lease Agreements

On June 25, 2019, the City entered into a noncancelable lease agreement for a library copier. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$160 over 60 months, with an implicit interest rate of 2.00% and a final payment in June of 2024. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid principal of \$1,857 and interest of \$58.

On February 11, 2021, the City entered into a noncancelable lease agreement for a WWTP copier. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$54 over 60 months, with an implicit interest rate of 2.00% and a final payment in February of 2026. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid principal of \$613 and interest of \$41.

#### Note 3 – Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable (continued)

On May 17, 2021, the City entered into a noncancelable lease agreement for a postage meter. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$57 over 60 months, with an implicit interest rate of 2.00% and a final payment in May of 2026. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid principal of \$649 and interest of \$33. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year		Copi	ers			Year		Postage	Mete	r	
Ending						Ending					
June 30,	F	rincipal	In	terest	Total	June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total
2024	\$	2,520	\$	49	\$ 2,569	2024	\$	649	\$	33	\$ 682
2025		638		16	654	2025		662		20	682
2026		433		3	436	2026		619		6	625
Total	\$	3,591	\$	68	\$ 3,659	Total	\$	1,930	\$	59	\$ 1,989

#### Note 4 – Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first moth of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for more than 22 years of service but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

#### Note 4 – Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) (continued)

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percent point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2023, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.21% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.31% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.52%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$192,734.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$969,702 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.025666%, which was an increase of 0.008650% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$(15,944), \$1,072,079, and \$1,150,173 respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)
Rates of salary increase
(effective June 30, 2017)
Long-term investment rate of return
(effective June 30, 2017)
Wage Growth
(effective June 30, 2017)

2.60% per annum
3.25 to 16.25%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

#### Note 4 – Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an quadrennial experience study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021.

Mortality rates used in the 2022 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	3.57%
International equity	17.5	4.79
Global smart beta equity	6.0	4.16
Core plus fixed income	20.0	1.66
Public credit	4.0	3.77
Cash	1.0	0.77
Private equity	13.0	7.57
Private real assets	8.5	3.55
Private credit	8.0	3.63
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 1,872,530	\$ 969,702	\$ 174,258

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

#### Note 5 – Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI)

<u>Plan Description</u> – MFPRSI membership is mandatory for fire fighters and police officers covered by the provisions of Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by MFPRSI. MFPRSI issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7155 Lake Drive, Suite #201, West Des Moines, Iowa 50266 or at www.mfprsi.org.

MFPRSI benefits are established under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – Members with 4 or more years of service are entitled to pension benefits beginning at age 55. Full service retirement benefits are granted to members with 22 years of service, while partial benefits are available to those members with 4 to 22 years of service based on the ratio of years completed to years required (i.e., 22 years). Members with less than 4 years of service are entitled to a refund of their contribution only, with interest, for the period of employment.

Benefits are calculated based upon the member's highest 3 years of compensation. The average of these 3 years becomes the member's average final compensation. The base benefit is 66% of the member's average final compensation. Members who perform more than 22 years of service receive an additional 2% of the member's average final compensation for each additional year of service, up to a maximum of 8 years. Survivor benefits are available to the beneficiary of a retired member according to the provisions of the benefit option chosen, plus an additional benefit for each child. Survivor benefits are subject to a minimum benefit for those members who chose the basic benefit with a 50% surviving spouse benefit.

Active members at least 55 years of age with 22 or more years of service have the option to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP is an arrangement whereby a member who is otherwise eligible to retire and commence benefits opts to continue to work. A member can elect a 3, 4, or 5 year DROP period. When electing to participate in DROP, the member signs a contract stating the member will retire at the end of the selected DROP period. During the DROP period, the member's retirement benefit is frozen and a DROP benefit is credited to a DROP account established for the member. Assuming the member completes the DROP period, the DROP benefit is equal to 52% of the member's retirement benefit at the member's earliest date eligible and 100% if the member delays enrollment for 24 months. At the member's actual date of retirement, the member's DROP account will be distributed to the member in the form of a lump sum or rollover to an eligible plan.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – Disability benefits may be either accidental or ordinary. Accidental disability is defined as a permanent disability incurred in the line of duty, with benefits equivalent to the greater of 60% of the member's average final compensation or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount. Ordinary disability occurs outside the call of duty and pays benefits equivalent to the greater of 50% of the member's average final compensation for those with 5 or more years of service or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount and 25% of average final compensation for those with less than 5 years of service.

Death benefits are similar to disability benefits. Benefits for accidental death are 50% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or the provisions for ordinary death. Ordinary death benefits consist of a pension equal to 40% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or a lump-sum distribution to the designated beneficiary equal to 50% of the previous year's earnable compensation of the member or equal to the amount of the member's total contributions plus interest.

Benefits are increased annually in accordance with Chapter 411.6 of the Code of Iowa, which provides a standard formula for the increases.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 5 – Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI) (continued)

The surviving spouse or dependents of an active member who dies due to a traumatic personal injury incurred in the line of duty receives a \$100,000 lump-sum payment.

<u>Contributions</u> – Member contribution rates are set by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa, the contribution rate was 9.40% of earnable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Employer contribution rates are based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate and set by state statute. The required actuarially determined contributions are calculated on the basis of the entry age normal method as adopted by the Board of Trustees as permitted under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. The normal contribution rate is provided by state statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, with such total divided by 1% of the actuarially determined present value of prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions and state appropriations. Under the Code of Iowa, the City's contribution rate cannot be less than 17.00% of earnable compensation. The contribution rate was 23.90% for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The City's contributions to MFPRSI for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$448,569.

If approved by the State Legislature, state appropriations may further reduce the City's contribution rate, but not below the minimum statutory contribution rate of 17.00% of earnable compensation. The State of Iowa, therefore, is considered to be a non-employer contributing entity in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 – Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

There were no state appropriations to MFPRSI during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions — At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,265,576 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the MFPRSI relative to the contributions of all MFPRSI participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.563545% which was an increase of 0.009383% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$299,193, \$2,175,740, and \$2,011,907, respectively.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.75 to 15.11%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment expense, including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Annuitant Table with males set forward zero years, females set forward two years and disabled individuals set forward three years (male only rates), with generational projection of future mortality improvement with 50% of Scale BB beginning in 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (i.e. expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class including the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

#### Note 5 – Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI) (continued)

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad Fixed Income	3.5%
21000 1 11100 1110	
Broad U.S. Equity	6.7
Global Equity	6.8
Broad Non-US Equity	7.0
Managed Futures	5.1
Emerging Market	7.2
Real Estate – Core	6.4
Opportunistic Real Estate	11.0
Global Infrastructure	6.8
Private credit	8.6
Private equity	12.0

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at 9.40% of covered payroll and the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the MFPRSI's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.50%) or 1% higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 5,727,521	\$ 3,164,702	\$ 1,041,372

<u>MFPRSI's Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the MFPRSI's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MFPRSI financial report which is available on MFPRSI's website at www.mfprsi.org.

#### **Note 6 – Compensated Absences**

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation and sick leave payable to employees at June 30, 2023, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	<u>Amount</u>
Vacation	\$ 293,000
Sick leave	1,555,000
Total	\$ <u>1,848,000</u>

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2023.

#### Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. The City currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The most recent active member monthly premiums for the City and plan members are \$808 for single coverage and \$1,932 for family coverage for traditional health insurance and \$698 for single coverage and \$1,682 for family coverage for the health savings account insurance option. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$1,306,191 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$79,898 to the plan. At June 30, 2023, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB Benefits</u> – Individuals who are employed by the City of Boone and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement, with the exception of special service participants who must be age 50 with 22 years of services. At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	2
Active employees	<u>62</u>
Total	<u>64</u>

#### **Note 8 – Related Party Transactions**

The City had business transactions between the City and City officials, totaling \$5,559 during the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Note 9 – Industrial Development Revenue Bonds**

The City has issued a total of \$2,700,000 of industrial development revenue bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa, of which approximately \$1,282,000 is outstanding at June 30, 2023. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the rents payable by tenants of the properties constructed, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

#### Note 10 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 11 – Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 for employees. The 457 plan is available to all City employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plant, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights must be held in trust of the exclusive benefit of plan participants and beneficiaries. These funds are invested and held by Mission Square Retirement and do not constitute a liability of the City.

#### **Note 12 – Development Agreements**

The City has entered into various development agreements for urban renewal projects. The agreements require the City to rebate portions of incremental tax paid by the developer in exchange for infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation and development of commercial projects made by the developer.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City rebated \$118,606 of incremental tax to the developers.

#### **Note 13 – Interfund Transfers**

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

General Fund:   General Fund:   Substitute   Sewer   Sewer	<u>Transfer to</u>	<u>Transfer from</u>	Amount
Sewer   243,155   \$ 348,930	General Fund:		\$ 105,775
Special Revenue: Employee Benefit		Enterprise:	
Special Revenue: Employee Benefit		Sewer	
Employee Benefit			\$ 348,930
Tax Increment Financing LMI	Special Revenue:		
Road Use Tax	Employee Benefit	Local Option Sales Tax	\$ 271,600
Capital Projects:	Tax Increment Financing LMI	Tax Increment Financing	\$ 20,833
Insurance Claims	Road Use Tax	General Fund:	\$ 141,447
Special Revenue:   General Obligation		Capital Projects:	
Debt Service:   Special Revenue:		Insurance Claims	83,553
General Obligation Bonds/Notes         Local Option Sales Tax         \$ 175,465           Bonds/Notes         Tax Increment Financing Road Use Tax         42,128           Enterprise: Water         223,579           Sewer         23,359           Storm Water Utility         3,337           \$ 584,368           Capital Projects:         General Fund: Special Revenue: Road Use Tax Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing LMI         375,000           Capital Projects: Enterprise: Water         33,622           Enterprise: Water         325,000           Sewer         544,582           \$ 2,019,604           Enterprise: Sewer         Tax Increment Financing         \$ 560,000			\$ 225,000
Bonds/Notes			
Road Use Tax			\$
Enterprise:	Bonds/Notes	Tax Increment Financing	
Water   223,579			42,128
Sewer   23,359     Storm Water Utility   3,337     \$ 584,368			
Storm Water Utility		Water	
Capital Projects:  General Fund: Special Revenue: Road Use Tax Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing LMI  Capital Projects: Enterprise: Water Sewer Sewer Special Revenue: Sewer  Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing Special Revenue:			
Capital Projects:         General Fund: Special Revenue: Road Use Tax Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing LMI         375,000 375,000 6,400           Capital Projects: Enterprise: Water Sewer         83,622 544,582 52,019,604           Enterprise: Sewer         Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing         560,000		Storm Water Utility	
Special Revenue:   Road Use Tax			\$ 584,368
Road Use Tax	Capital Projects:		\$ 315,000
Local Option Sales Tax   370,000   Tax Increment Financing LMI   6,400			
Tax Increment Financing LMI			
Capital Projects: 83,622  Enterprise:		-	
Enterprise:  Water Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Special Revenue:  Tax Increment Financing  Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Sewer  Special Revenue:  Tax Increment Financing  Sewer		Tax Increment Financing LMI	6,400
Water       325,000         Sewer       544,582         \$ 2,019,604         Enterprise:       Special Revenue:         Sewer       Tax Increment Financing       \$ 560,000		Capital Projects:	83,622
Sewer         544,582           \$ 2,019,604           Enterprise:         Special Revenue:           Sewer         Tax Increment Financing         \$ 560,000		Enterprise:	
Enterprise: Special Revenue: Sewer Tax Increment Financing \$\frac{2,019,604}{2,019,604}\$		Water	325,000
Enterprise: Special Revenue: Sewer Tax Increment Financing \$ 560,000		Sewer	544,582
Sewer Tax Increment Financing \$ <u>560,000</u>			\$ 2,019,604
	Enterprise:	Special Revenue:	
Total \$ _4,030,335	Sewer	Tax Increment Financing	\$ 560,000
	Total		\$ 4,030,335

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

#### Note 14 – Deficit Balances

At June 30, 2023 the City had deficit balances in the following accounts:

Debt Service:

Special Assessment Bonds \$ (1,328,296)

Special Revenue:

Unfunded Liability \$ (98,052)

The debt service fund deficit will be addressed on an ongoing basis. The special revenue unfunded liability deficit will be eliminated through future property tax collections.

#### Note 15 – Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

#### City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant of to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City abated \$226,497 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

#### **Note 16 – Pending Litigation**

The City is currently a defendant in various lawsuits. The probability and amount of loss, if any, is undeterminable.

#### Note 17 – Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated all subsequent events through January 21, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In July 2023, the City purchased and implemented a new accounting software.

In September 2023, the City approved resolutions 3132 and 3134 authorizing a \$140,000 Water Revenue Capital Loan Note and \$350,000 Sewer Revenue Capital Loan Note.



### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

### of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances -

# **Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds Other Information**

### Year ended June 30, 2023

	Fu	nmental inds ctual	F	Proprietary Funds Actual	Total Actual
Receipts:					
Property tax		735,525	\$	-	\$ 6,735,525
Tax increment financing collections		811,254		-	811,254
Other city tax		346,927		-	2,346,927
Licenses and permits		178,367		-	178,367
Use of money and property		583,426		661,558	1,244,984
Intergovernmental		634,606		-	3,634,606
Charges for services		380,649		6,561,960	6,942,609
Special assessments		9,201		-	9,201
Miscellaneous		366,008		-	366,008
Total receipts	15,	045,963		7,223,518	22,269,481
Disbursements:					
Public safety	4.	622,608		_	4,622,608
Public works		419,844		_	2,419,844
Health and social services	,	70,000		_	70,000
Culture and recreation	1.	937,759		_	1,937,759
Community and economic development		404,689		_	404,689
General government		283,316		_	1,283,316
Debt service		815,355		_	815,355
Capital projects		105,818		_	2,105,818
Business-type activities	2,	-		4,834,078	4,834,078
Total disbursements	13,	659,389		4,834,078	18,493,467
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	1,	386,574		2,389,440	3,776,014
Other financing sources, net		803,012		(803,012)	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements					
and other financing uses	2,	189,586		1,586,428	3,776,014
Balances beginning of year	17,	530,815		8,769,909	26,300,724
Balances end of year	\$ 19,	720,401	\$	10,356,337	\$ 30,076,738

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			Final to Actual		
Original		Final		Variance	
\$ 6,713,168	\$	6,713,168	\$	22,357	
821,380		821,380		(10,126)	
1,912,169		1,912,169		434,758	
89,800		89,800		88,567	
289,130		289,130		955,854	
7,009,800		7,063,800		(3,429,194)	
6,410,800		6,440,800		501,809	
15,000		15,000		(5,799)	
 204,000		204,000		162,008	
23,465,247		23,549,247		(1,279,766)	
5,203,075		5,358,075		735,467	
2,389,301		2,540,301		120,457	
67,900		70,000		-	
1,822,500		2,135,000		197,241	
448,200		479,620		74,931	
1,409,150		1,470,150		186,834	
816,800		816,800		1,445	
18,902,800		18,991,100		16,885,282	
7,554,250		7,828,760		2,994,682	
 38,613,976		39,689,806		21,196,339	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
(15,148,729)		(16,140,559)		19,916,573	
 12,545,600		12,546,600		(12,546,600)	
(2,603,129)		(3,593,959)		7,369,973	
20,821,218		20,821,218		5,479,506	
\$ 18,218,089	\$	17,227,259	\$	12,849,479	

#### Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2023

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Proprietary Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,075,830 and increased budgeted revenues by \$84,000. The budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2023, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

### CITY OF BOONE Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

# Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Nine Years\* (In Thousands)

#### **Other Information**

	2023	2022	2021	2020
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0256660%	0.0170163%	0.0284483%	0.0290008%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$970	(\$59)	\$1,998	\$1,679
City's covered payroll	\$2,221	\$2,415	\$2,366	\$2,297
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	43.67%	-2.44%	84.45%	73.10%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	91.40%	100.81%	82.90%	85.45%

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.0	)268620%	0.0269222%	0.0275709%	0.0292724%	0.0309217%
	\$1,700	\$1,793	\$1,735	\$1,446	\$1,226
	\$2,146	\$2,067	\$2,093	\$2,154	\$2,215
	79.22%	86.74%	82.90%	67.13%	55.35%
	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

# **CITY OF BOONE Schedule of City Contributions**

# Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

### **Other Information**

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	193	\$ 210	\$	228	\$	224	\$	217	\$	186	\$	185	\$	188	\$	193	\$	199	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(193)	(210)		(228)		(224)		(217)		(186)		(185)		(188)		(193)		(199)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,043	\$ 2,221	\$	2,415	\$	2,366	\$	2,297	\$	2,146	\$	2,067	\$	2,093	\$	2,154	\$	2,215	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.45%	9.46%		9.44%		9.47%		9.45%		8.67%		8.95%		8.98%		8.96%		8.98%	

#### Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability IPERS

#### Year ended June 30, 2023

## Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

#### Changes of assumptions:

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members.
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the agers of 55 and 64.
- Moved form an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2015. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

# CITY OF BOONE Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

# Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa For the Last Nine Years\* (In Thousands)

#### **Other Information**

	2023	2022	2021	2020
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.5635450%	0.5541620%	0.5412440%	0.5661040%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,266	\$4,420	\$3,550	\$3,371
City's covered payroll	\$1,907	\$1,763	\$1,720	\$1,661
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	66.39%	250.71%	206.40%	202.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.62%	69.11%	76.47%	79.94%

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.5558550%	0.5755950%	0.5872090%	0.5914870%	0.5817690%
\$3,260	\$3,376	\$3,672	\$2,779	\$2,109
\$1,647	\$1,532	\$1,499	\$1,551	\$1,486
197.94%	220.37%	244.96%	179.17%	141.92%
81.07%	80.60%	78.20%	83.04%	86.27%

# **CITY OF BOONE Schedule of City Contributions**

# Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa Last 10 Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

# **Other Information**

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 449	\$ 498	\$ 446	\$ 419	\$ 432	\$ 407	\$ 397	\$ 416	\$ 472	\$ 447
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (449)	(498)	(446)	(419)	(432)	(407)	(397)	(416)	(472)	(447)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _								
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,877	\$ 1,907	\$ 1,763	\$ 1,720	\$ 1,661	\$ 1,647	\$ 1,532	\$ 1,499	\$ 1,551	\$ 1,486
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.92%	26.11%	25.30%	24.36%	26.01%	24.71%	25.91%	27.75%	30.43%	30.08%

#### Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability MFPRSI

#### Year ended June 30, 2023

# Changes of benefit terms:

There were no significant changes of benefit terms.

# Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation changed postretirement mortality rates to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table with males set-forward zero years, females set-forward two years and disabled individuals set-forward three years (male only rates), with generational projection of future mortality improvement with 50% of Scale BB beginning in 2017.

The 2017 valuation added five years projection of future mortality improvement with Scale BB.

The 2016 valuation changed postretirement mortality rates to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disabled individuals set-forward one year (male only rates), with no projection of future mortality improvement.

The 2015 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for postretirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 1/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 11/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

The 2014 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for postretirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 2/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 10/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.



CITY OF BOONE Schedule 1

# Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

Special Revenue

Property tax						Special R	Cevenue				
Receipts:         Property tax         \$ 29,271         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0         \$ 0.0 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Emergency</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>•</th> <th></th> <th>Total</th>			Emergency						•		Total
Tax increment financing collections         19,374         -         -         -         19,374         -         -         1,225         5,285         5,285         5,285         5,285         5,285         Miscellaneous         -         1,374         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         9,9364         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         9,9364         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         48,212         8,917         153,294         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Receipts:				•						
Use of money and property Miscellaneous         -         -         -         -         -         -         5,285         -         5,285         -         9,304         Mascellaneous         -         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364         -         -         8,149         39,071         48,512         8,917         135,294         -         -         8,149         39,071         48,512         8,917         135,294         -         -         8,149         39,071         48,512         8,917         135,294         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Property tax	\$ 29,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,271
Miscellaneous         -         -         -         -         8,149         39,071         43,227         8,917         99,364           Total receipts         29,271         -         19,374         -         8,149         39,071         48,512         8,917         153,294           Disbursements:         -         -         8,149         39,071         48,512         8,917         153,294           Disbursements:         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         -         -         156,760           Public safety         79,009         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         -         -         77,235           Public works         77,235         -         -         -         -         48,419         3,917         73,265           Culture and recreation         20,929         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         48,419         3,917         73,265           Total disbursements         177,173         -         -         20,047         57,704         48,419         3,917         397,266           Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         29,	Tax increment financing collections	-	-	19,374		-	-	-	-	-	*
Total receipts   29,271   - 19,374   - 8,149   39,071   48,512   8,917   153,294		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	*
Disbursements: Governmental activities: Public safety 79,009 20,047 57,704 - 156,760 Public works 77,235 20,047 57,704 - 7,235 Culture and recreation 20,929 20,047 57,704 48,419 3,917 73,265  Total disbursements 177,173 20,047 57,704 48,419 3,917 307,260  Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (147,902) - 19,374 - (11,898) (18,633) 93 5,000 (153,966)  Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in - 20,833 5 5,000 10,000 Other financing transfers out - 6,6400 1 5,000 154,974 46,059 242,114 9,171 564,643  Cash balances beginning of year 49,850 2,109 40,366 20,000 154,974 46,059 242,114 9,171 564,643  Cash Basis Fund Balances  Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,07 14,171 425,110	Miscellaneous		-	-		-	8,149	39,071	43,227	8,917	99,364
Governmental activities:         Public safety         79,009         -         -         20,047         57,704         -         -         156,760           Public works         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td>Total receipts</td><td>29,271</td><td>_</td><td>19,374</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>8,149</td><td>39,071</td><td>48,512</td><td>8,917</td><td>153,294</td></t<>	Total receipts	29,271	_	19,374		-	8,149	39,071	48,512	8,917	153,294
Public safety         79,009         -         -         -         20,047         57,04         -         -         156,760           Public works         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         77,235           Culture and recreation         20,929         -         -         -         -         -         48,419         3,917         73,265           Total disbursements         177,173         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         48,419         3,917         307,260           Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         19,374         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Other financing sources (uses):         0         -         -         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Oberating transfers in Operating transfers out         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)      <	Disbursements:										
Public works         77,235         -         -         -         -         -         -         77,235           Culture and recreation         20,929         -         -         -         -         48,419         3,917         73,265           Total disbursements         177,173         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         48,419         3,917         307,260           Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         19,374         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Other financing sources (uses):         Operating transfers in         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         6(,400)         -         -         -         -         20,833           Cash balances         (147,902)         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850	Governmental activities:										
Culture and recreation         20,929         -         -         -         -         48,419         3,917         73,265           Total disbursements         177,173         -         -         -         20,047         57,704         48,419         3,917         307,260           Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         19,374         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Other financing sources (uses):         Operating transfers in Operating transfers out         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850         2,109         40,366         20,000         143,076         27,426         242,207	•	79,009	-	-		-	20,047	57,704	-	-	156,760
Total disbursements 177,173 20,047 57,704 48,419 3,917 307,260  Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (147,902) - 19,374 - (11,898) (18,633) 93 5,000 (153,966)  Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in - 20,833 20,833 20,833 Operating transfers out - 6(,400) (6,400)  Net change in cash balances (147,902) - 33,807 - (11,898) (18,633) 93 5,000 (139,533)  Cash balances beginning of year 49,850 2,109 40,366 20,000 154,974 46,059 242,114 9,171 564,643  Cash Basis Fund Balances  Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	Culture and recreation	20,929	-	-		-	-	-	48,419	3,917	73,265
over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         19,374         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Other financing sources (uses):         Operating transfers in         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         6,400)           Net change in cash balances         (147,902)         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850         2,109         40,366         20,000         154,974         46,059         242,114         9,171         564,643           Cash Basis Fund Balances           Cestricted for:         0ther purposes <t< td=""><td>Total disbursements</td><td>177,173</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>20,047</td><td>57,704</td><td>48,419</td><td>3,917</td><td>307,260</td></t<>	Total disbursements	177,173	-	-		-	20,047	57,704	48,419	3,917	307,260
over (under) disbursements         (147,902)         -         19,374         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (153,966)           Other financing sources (uses):         Operating transfers in         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         6,400)           Net change in cash balances         (147,902)         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850         2,109         40,366         20,000         154,974         46,059         242,114         9,171         564,643           Cash Basis Fund Balances           Cestricted for:         0ther purposes <t< td=""><td>Excess (deficiency) of receipts</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Excess (deficiency) of receipts										
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out         -         -         20,833         -         -         -         -         20,833           Operating transfers out         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         (6,400)           Net change in cash balances         (147,902)         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850         2,109         40,366         20,000         154,974         46,059         242,114         9,171         564,643           Cash Basis Fund Balances         (98,052)         2,109         74,173         20,000         \$143,076         \$27,426         \$242,207         \$14,171         \$425,110           Cash Basis Fund Balances           Restricted for:         0ther purposes         (98,052)         2,109         74,173         20,000         143,076         27,426         242,207         14,171         425,110		(147,902)	-	19,374		-	(11,898)	(18,633)	93	5,000	(153,966)
Operating transfers out         -         -         (6,400)         -         -         -         -         -         (6,400)           Net change in cash balances         (147,902)         -         33,807         -         (11,898)         (18,633)         93         5,000         (139,533)           Cash balances beginning of year         49,850         2,109         40,366         20,000         154,974         46,059         242,114         9,171         564,643           Cash balances end of year         \$ (98,052)         2,109         74,173         20,000         \$ 143,076         \$ 27,426         \$ 242,207         \$ 14,171         \$ 425,110           Cash Basis Fund Balances           Restricted for:         0ther purposes         (98,052)         2,109         74,173         20,000         143,076         27,426         242,207         14,171         425,110	Other financing sources (uses):										
Net change in cash balances (147,902) - 33,807 - (11,898) (18,633) 93 5,000 (139,533)  Cash balances beginning of year 49,850 2,109 40,366 20,000 154,974 46,059 242,114 9,171 564,643  Cash balances end of year \$ (98,052) \$ 2,109 \$ 74,173 \$ 20,000 \$ 143,076 \$ 27,426 \$ 242,207 \$ 14,171 \$ 425,110  Cash Basis Fund Balances  Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110	Operating transfers in	-	-	20,833		-	-	-	-	-	20,833
Cash balances beginning of year 49,850 2,109 40,366 20,000 154,974 46,059 242,114 9,171 564,643  Cash balances end of year \$ (98,052) \$ 2,109 \$ 74,173 \$ 20,000 \$ 143,076 \$ 27,426 \$ 242,207 \$ 14,171 \$ 425,110  Cash Basis Fund Balances  Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110	Operating transfers out		-	(6,400)		-	-	-	-	-	(6,400)
Cash balances end of year \$ (98,052) \$ 2,109 \$ 74,173 \$ 20,000 \$ 143,076 \$ 27,426 \$ 242,207 \$ 14,171 \$ 425,110  Cash Basis Fund Balances  Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110	Net change in cash balances	(147,902)	-	33,807		-	(11,898)	(18,633)	93	5,000	(139,533)
Cash Basis Fund Balances         Restricted for:       Other purposes       (98,052)       2,109       74,173       20,000       143,076       27,426       242,207       14,171       425,110	Cash balances beginning of year	49,850	2,109	40,366		20,000	154,974	46,059	242,114	9,171	564,643
Restricted for: Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110	Cash balances end of year	\$ (98,052)	\$ 2,109	\$ 74,173	\$	20,000	\$ 143,076	\$ 27,426	\$ 242,207	\$ 14,171	\$ 425,110
Other purposes (98,052) 2,109 74,173 20,000 143,076 27,426 242,207 14,171 425,110	<b>Cash Basis Fund Balances</b>										
	Restricted for:										
Total cash basis fund balances \$ (98,052) \$ 2,109 \$ 74,173 \$ 20,000 \$ 143,076 \$ 27,426 \$ 242,207 \$ 14,171 \$ 425,110	Other purposes	(98,052)	2,109	74,173		20,000	143,076	27,426	242,207	14,171	425,110
	Total cash basis fund balances	\$ (98,052)	\$ 2,109	\$ 74,173	\$	20,000	\$ 143,076	\$ 27,426	\$ 242,207	\$ 14,171	\$ 425,110

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

# CITY OF BOONE Schedule of Receipts By Source and Disbursements By Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Ten Years

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Receipts:										
Property and other City tax	\$ 9,082,452	\$ 9,004,518	\$ 8,253,515	\$ 7,691,037	\$ 7,386,967	\$ 7,256,262	\$ 7,068,322	\$ 6,810,201	\$ 6,777,853	\$ 6,611,749
Tax increment financing collections	811,254	820,959	994,216	720,937	752,556	613,494	642,594	893,784	808,576	899,033
Licenses and permits	178,367	152,045	445,390	445,953	448,006	423,783	410,353	327,144	251,912	220,406
Use of money and property	583,426	270,033	281,696	262,586	299,616	353,819	351,005	272,888	381,831	500,293
Intergovernmental	3,634,606	3,988,867	2,889,445	2,211,277	2,317,061	3,424,001	2,348,481	2,430,074	1,656,200	2,753,192
Charges for services	380,649	384,988	350,799	314,704	375,303	225,289	178,541	174,777	177,188	230,515
Special assessments	9,201	11,536	12,242	15,309	17,861	24,487	50,423	37,274	29,062	42,221
Miscellaneous	366,008	585,470	546,894	463,316	554,443	371,036	302,513	450,969	354,923	398,626
Total	15,045,963	15,218,416	13,774,197	12,125,119	12,151,813	12,692,171	11,352,232	11,397,111	10,437,545	11,656,035
Disbursements:										
Operating:										
Public safety	4,622,608	4,563,898	4,382,229	4,809,906	4,214,403	3,861,410	3,847,756	3,634,110	3,706,725	3,667,645
Public works	2,419,844	1,880,627	1,840,602	1,861,840	1,842,693	1,787,750	1,755,289	1,712,775	1,686,783	1,721,043
Health and social services	70,000	50,549	54,000	51,700	54,700	52,500	52,500	51,750	53,066	50,585
Culture and recreation	1,937,759	1,502,025	1,479,212	1,546,247	1,640,093	1,573,484	1,606,540	1,370,453	1,508,581	1,369,614
Community and economic developm	404,689	339,494	281,555	237,637	404,719	333,877	179,008	203,550	258,671	167,294
General government	1,283,316	1,080,252	1,230,678	891,265	1,029,297	825,955	813,845	721,852	704,597	715,389
Debt service	815,355	815,948	833,482	4,078,326	1,025,772	1,572,938	1,575,535	2,271,346	2,135,797	2,129,816
Capital projects	2,105,818	2,554,599	1,735,448	1,649,407	2,446,433	1,833,151	1,631,072	3,435,048	823,655	2,655,283
Total	\$ 13,659,389	\$ 12,787,392	\$ 11,837,206	\$ 15,126,328	\$ 12,658,110	\$ 11,841,065	\$ 11,461,545	\$ 13,400,884	\$ 10,877,875	\$ 12,476,669

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Assistance Listings	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
Indirect:			
U.S. Department of the Treasury:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery			
Funds	21.027	FY2023	\$ 534,009
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban			
Development:			
Iowa Economic Development Authority:			
Community Development Block Grants/			
State's Program and Non-Entitlement			
Grants in Hawaii	14.228	20-WS-032	295,593
U.S. Department of the Transportation:			
Federal Aviation Administration:			
Runway Reconstruction - Phase I	20.106	3-19-0009-018-2021	7,040
Runway Reconstruction - Phase II	20.106	3-19-0009-020-2022	134,534
Total U.S. Department of the Transportation			141,574
Total			\$ 971,176

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal activity of the City of Boone under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Boone, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of the City of Boone.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the bases of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The City of Boone has elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# **HOUSTON & SEEMAN, P.C.**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
724 Story Street, Suite 601
Boone, IA 50036-2871

Kevin N. Houston, CPA Eric G. Seeman, CPA Telephone: (515) 432-1176 Fax: (515) 432-1186

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boone, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2024. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other that U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Boone's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Boone's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Boone's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item II-A-23 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Boone's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of non-compliance or other matter which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2023 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City of Boone. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

# The City of Boone's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Boone's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City of Boone's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Boone during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Houston & Seeman, P.C. Houston & Seeman, P.C.

January 21, 2024

# **HOUSTON & SEEMAN, P.C.**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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Boone, IA 50036-2871

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance
for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Boone, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Boone's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City of Boone's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the City of Boone complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u> Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, and <u>Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Boone and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Boone's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Boone's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of Boone's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material



noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of Boone's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of Boone's compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Boone's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Boone's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance what we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-23 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Boone's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Finings and Questioned Costs. The City of Boone's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Houston & Seeman, P.C.

Houston & Seeman, P.C.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

#### Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

- (a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) A material weakness in internal control over the major program was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.516.
- (g) The major program was Assistance Listing Number 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) The City of Boone did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

# CITY OF BOONE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

#### Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

II-A-23 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

Condition – One individual in the City performs many of the accounting functions.

<u>Cause</u> – The city has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including elected officials, to provide additional controls through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and financial report. The reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

Response – The management of the City is aware of the segregation issue within the Finance Department. They will review procedures and plan to make the necessary changes to improve internal control. Management believes it has built in sufficient oversight controls throughout the financial management process to effectively mitigate the risk of fraud. Management continually looks for opportunities to strengthen controls and changes procedures when appropriate.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

#### **INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:**

No matters were noted.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

#### Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

#### **INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:**

No matters were noted.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

Assistance Listing Number 21.027: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Federal Award Year: 2023 Prior Year Finding Number: N/A U.S Department of Treasury

III-A-23 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. The City of Boone has a limited number of people which have the primary responsibility for most of the accounting and financial duties, as a result some aspects of internal control are missing. See item II-A-23.

# Part IV: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-23 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2023 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- IV-B-23 <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> We noted no disbursements we believe may fail to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- IV-C-23 <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-23 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Business	Transaction		
Connection	Description	Aı	<u>nount</u>
Zehner Safety, Inc. Owned by Chip Zehner Fire Fighter	Purchase Fire Supplies	\$	329
Jamie Kelley Spouse of Librarian Ronda Kelley	Music Performer		500
Darci Newcomb, Employee	Swimming Lessons		2,400
Elmquist Towing Company Part-Owned by Ondrea Elmquist City Finance Officer	Towing Services		2,330

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(3)(j) of the Code of Iowa, all the transactions do not represent a conflict of interest since the transactions did not exceed \$6,000 during the fiscal year.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

- IV-E-23 <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.
- IV-F-23 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-G-23 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the City Council minutes but were not.
- IV-H-23 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- IV-I-23 <u>Revenue Notes and Bonds</u> No instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the water and sewer revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- IV-J-23 <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> The Annual Urban Renewal Report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1 as required by Chapter 384.22(2)(a) of the Code of Iowa. No exceptions were noted.
- IV-K-23 <u>Annual Financial Report</u> The Annual Financial Report was completed and filed by December 1 as required by Chapter 384.22 of the Code of Iowa.
- IV-L-23 Financial Condition At June 30, 2023 the City had deficit balances in the following accounts:

Debt Service:

Special Assessment Bonds

\$ (1,328,296)

Special Revenue:

**Unfunded Liability** 

\$ (98,052)

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should evaluate the reason for the deficits and investigate alternatives to eliminate the deficits in order to return the account to a sound financial position.

<u>Response</u> – We will evaluate the reason for the deficits and investigate alternatives to eliminate the deficits. We will eliminate the deficits whenever feasible.

 $\underline{Conclusion} - Response \ accepted.$ 

IV-M-23 <u>Tax Increment Financing</u> – The Special Revenue, Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund properly disbursed payments for TIF loans and rebates. Also, the City of Boone properly completed the Tax Increment Debt Certificate Forms to request TIF property taxes.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

The following insurance policies were in force at June 30, 2023:

EMC Insurance Companies	General Liability: Each Occurrence	\$2,000,000
EMC Insurance Companies	Automobile Liability: Each Accident automobile physical damage: comprehensive	\$2,000,000
	and collision	per occurrence
EMC Insurance Companies	Commercial Umbrella: Covers General, Auto, Official, Property and Workers Compensation Each Occurrence	\$9,000,000
EMC Insurance Companies	Official Liability: Each claim	\$2,000,000
EMC Insurance Companies	Property Coverage: Actual cash value, replacement cost or an agreed amount	\$88,395,367
EMC Insurance Companies	Workers Compensation and Employer's Liability bodily injury by accident:	
	each accident bodily injury by disease:	\$500,000
	Limit Bodily injury by disease:	\$500,000
	each employee	\$500,000
Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection	Boiler and Machinery: Unlimited per accident	per occurrence
Travelers Insurance	Public officials/employees Blanket bond (theft)	\$650,000
Insurance Management Group	Airport comprehensive general liability: Each occurrence and aggregate:	\$5,000,000
EMC Insurance Companies	Law enforcement liability	\$2,000,000
CFC Underwriting	Cyber liability	\$1,000,000

# CITY OF BOONE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2023

# Statistical Information

Description	Amount
Customers served at June 30, 2023	5,388
Sewer rates in effect at June 30, 2023:	
Residential users:	
Inside City Limits:	
Flat service rate	\$3.00
Charge per 100 cubic feet (cf)	\$7.97/100 cf
Outside City Limits:	
Flat service rate	\$3.00
Charge per 100 cubic feet (cf)	\$8.85/100 cf
Industrial Users*:	
Inside City Limits:	
Flat service rate	\$300.00
Charge per 100 cubic feet (cf)	\$4.57/100 cf
Outside City Limits:	
Flat service rate	\$300.00
Charge per 100 cubic feet (cf)	\$5.07/100 cf

<sup>\*</sup>Plus surcharges for industrial users based on the treating of normal sewage and suspended solids.

# CITY OF BOONE Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Contact Person,	Anticipated
Comment			Title, and	Date of
Number	Comment Title	Corrective Action Plan	Phone Number	Completion
III-A-23	Segregation of Duties	The corrective action plan was documented in our response to the auditor's comment. See the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.	Ondrea Elmquist Finance Officer (515) 432-4211	Ongoing